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### **Supporting Information**

# Modified cassava starch/poly(vinyl alcohol) blend films plasticized by glycerol: Structure and properties

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#### FTIR assignments of non-degraded films

Table S1. Peak assignments in the FTIR spectra of pure PVA, pure starch, PVA/Gly and starch/Gly films.

Peak assignment	PVA <sup>a</sup>	PVA/Gly	NCS <sup>b</sup>	NCS/Gly	LCS <sup>c</sup>	LCS/Gly	HCS <sup>d</sup>	HCS/Gly	PCS <sup>e</sup>	PCS/Gly <sup>f</sup>
O-H (st)	3260	3264	3288	3284	3286	3283	3280	3283	3294	3282
-CH <sub>2</sub> (st)	2937	2938	2925	2925	2926	2927	2925	2927	2927	2926
	2907	2909		2891		2888		2888		2885
-OH (b) (bound	1651	1651	1642	1647	1644	1646	1634	1645	1645	1647
water)										
CH <sub>2</sub> (b)	1413	1415	1410	1413	1413	1412	1413	1413	1415	1410
CH <sub>2</sub> OH (side chain)	1237	1236	1241	1241	1242	1240	1243	1241	1240	1239
related mode										
C-O (st) in C-O-H	1141	1142	1149	1150	1149	1150	1149	1150	1149	1150
	1086	1090		1077	1077	1078	1077	1077	1078	1079
C-O (st) (C-O-C	-	-	990	994	991	994	991	994	990	994
glycosidic linkage)										
C-O (b) (C-O-C ring	-	-	759	760	759	760	760	760	759	759
vibration in starch)										

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> PVA = poly(vinyl alcohol), <sup>b</sup> NCS = native cassava starch, <sup>c</sup> LCS = low-oxidized cassava starch, <sup>d</sup> HCS = high-oxidized cassava starch, <sup>e</sup> PCS = pregelatinized cassava starch, and <sup>f</sup> Gly = glycerol.

Table S2. Peak assignments in the FTIR spectra of PVA/starch/Gly blend films (Air side).

Peak assignment	3PVA/	5PVA/	7PVA/									
-	7NCS/	5NCS/	3NCS/	7LCS/	5LCS/	3LCS/	7HCS/	5HCS/	3HCS/	7PCS/	5PCS/	3PCS/
	Gly											
O-H (st)	3288	3281	3264	3279	3274	3279	3288	3284	3269	3281	3279	3268
$-CH_2$ (st)	2929	2932	2937	2928	2934	2935	2928	2928	2935	2927	2936	2938
			2907		2908	2907		2890	2907		2908	2907
-OH (b) (bound water)	1646	1646	1646	1646	1647	1647	1645	1645	1648	1646	1646	1648
CH <sub>2</sub> (b)	1414	1414	1416	1416	1415	1415	1414	1412	1415	1412	1415	1416
CH <sub>2</sub> OH (side chain) related	1238	1237	1236	1239	1237	1236	1239	1239	1236	1238	1237	1236
mode												
C-O (st) in C-O-H	1147	1145	1142	1149	1143	1142	1148	1149	1143	1148	1143	1142
	1078	1079	1086	1078	1080	1084	1077	1077	1081	1079	1079	1088
C-O (st) (C-O-C glycosidic	991	993	-	992	-	-	1000	1002	-	993	993	-
linkage)												
C-O (b) (C-O-C ring	758	758	_	759	_	-	759	761	-	758	756	-
vibration in starch)												

**Table S3.** Peak assignments in the FTIR spectra of PVA/starch/Gly blend films (Bottom side).

Peak assignment	3PVA/	5PVA/	7PVA/									
C	7NCS/	5NCS/	3NCS/	7LCS/	5LCS/	3LCS/	7HCS/	5HCS/	3HCS/	7PCS/	5PCS/	3PCS/
	Gly											
O-H (st)	3284	3283	3272	3281	3285	3283	3281	3284	3280	3285	3283	3286
$-CH_2$ (st)	2928	2928	2935	2928	2928	2928	2928	2928	2929	2928	2927	2928
			2909		2891	2888				2887	2888	2889
-OH (b) (bound water)	1647	1646	1647	1646	1646	1646	1646	1645	1646	1646	1646	1646
CH <sub>2</sub> (b)	1412	1414	1415	1412	1411	1411	1414	1413	1413	1411	1410	1411
CH <sub>2</sub> OH (side chain) related	1238	1238	1237	1239	1239	1239	1239	1238	1238	1238	1239	1238
mode												
C-O (st) in C-O-H	1149	1148	1143	1149	1149	1149	1147	1147	1147	1150	1149	1149
	1078	1078	1080	1078	1078	1078	1077	1078	1078	1079	1078	1078
C-O (st) (C-O-C glycosidic	996	994	996	995	995	995	994	996	995	995	994	994
linkage)												
C-O (b) (C-O-C ring	759	758	756	759	759	759	759	759	759	759	759	759
vibration in starch)												

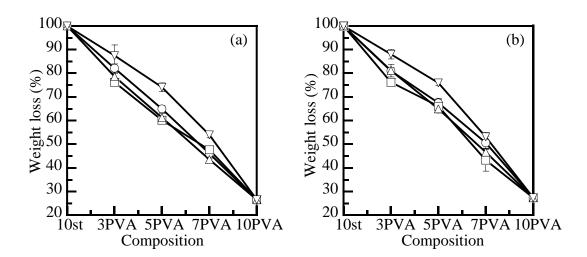
#### Soil burial test

#### 1. Weight loss

Weight loss of PVA/Gly, starch/Gly, and PVA/starch/Gly blend films was determined after burial in soil for 15 and 30 days. At 15 days, NCS/Gly, HCS/Gly, and PCS/Gly films were completely consumed by soil microorganisms. The data are shown in Table S4 and weight losses in soil after 15 and 30 days are shown in Figure S1. At 30 days, all the starch/Gly films were completely consumed. The weight losses of PVA/Gly films at 15 and 30 days were 26 and 27 wt%, respectively. Since glycerol comprised 23 wt% of the film, we concluded that all the glycerol and some amorphous structure in PVA had been consumed after 15 days. Films of plasticized starches were much more biodegradable in soil than PVA/Gly film¹ and the resistance of PVA film to degradation in soil was due to the small amorphous phase in PVA.² Weight loss was affected by the composition of PVA and starch.³ The greatest weight loss occurred in 3PVA/7starch/Gly blends. These were the blends that contained the highest proportion of starch. The addition of PVA slowed the degradation process in the blends.⁴ At both 15 and 30 days, the blend films that lost the most weight were PVA/PCS/Gly blends. PCS-based blends also exhibited the most extreme swelling behavior after 24 hours in water (Figure S4(d)).

**Table S4.** Weight loss (%) of degraded PVA/Gly and starch/Gly films was determined after burial in soil for 15 and 30 days.

sample	Weight loss (%)							
	15 days	30 days						
PVA/Gly	26.44 <u>+</u> 0.29	27.40 <u>+</u> 0.38						
NCS/Gly	n.a.	100						
LCS/Gly	Small amount	100						
HCS/Gly	n.a.	100						
PCS/Gly	n.a.	100						



**Figure S1.** Weight loss was determined after burial in soil for (a) 15 and (b) 30 days. ( $\bigcirc$ ) PVA/NCS, ( $\square$ ) PVA/LCS, ( $\triangle$ ) PVA/HCS, and ( $\nabla$ ) PVA/PCS.

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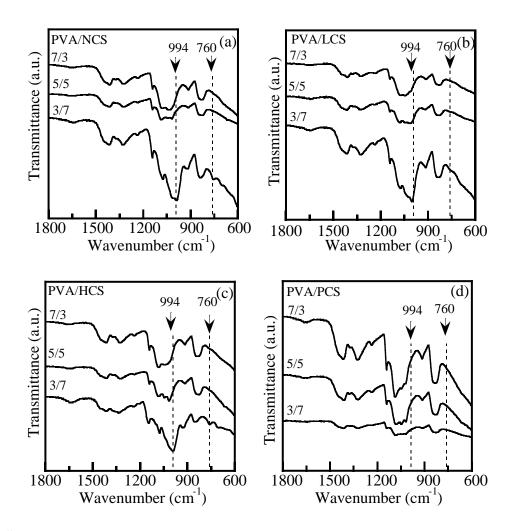
## 2. FTIR assignments of degraded films

**Table S5.** Peak assignments in the FTIR spectra of degraded PVA/Gly and PVA/starch/Gly blend films scanned after burial in soil for 30 days. (Air side)

Peak assignment	PVA/	3PVA/	5PVA/	7PVA/									
_	Gly	7NCS/	5NCS/	3NCS/	7LCS/	5LCS/	3LCS/	7HCS/	5HCS/	3HCS/	7PCS/	5PCS/	3PCS/
		Gly											
O-H (st)	3267	3260	3263	3260	3262	3257	3253	3250	3269	3272	3269	3254	3272
-CH <sub>2</sub> (st)	2937	2920	2934	2935	2908	2914	2934	2906	2908	2941	2913	2938	2913
	2907			2907			2909			2908		2909	
-OH (b) (bound	1663	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
water)													
CH <sub>2</sub> (b)	1416	1417	1429	1416	1416	1416	1415	1414	1415	1416	1416	1415	1416
CH <sub>2</sub> OH (side chain)	1236	1237	1237	1236		1237	1236	1236	1236	1237	1237	1237	1237
related mode													
C-O (st) in C-O-H	1142	1142	1142	1141	1142	1141	1142	1141	1142	1142	1141	1141	1141
	1086	1079	1091	1083	1092	1085	1087	1081	1085		1084	1084	1083
C-O (st) (C-O-C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
glycosidic linkage)													
C-O (b) (C-O-C ring	-	755	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
vibration in starch)													

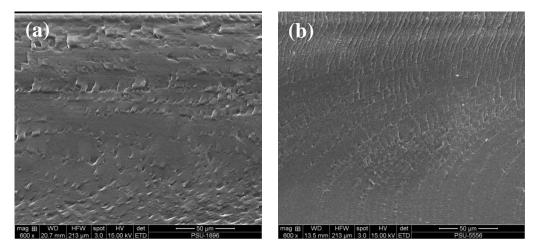
**Table S6.** Peak assignments in the FTIR spectra of degraded PVA/Gly and PVA/starch/Gly blend films scanned after burial in soil for 30 days. (Bottom side)

Dools assignment	DVA/	2DV/A /	5DV/A /	7DV/A /	2DV/A /	5DV/A /	7DV/A /	2DV/A /	5DV/A /	7DV/A /	2DV/A /	5DV/A /	7PVA/
Peak assignment	PVA/	3PVA/	5PVA/	7PVA/	3PVA/	5PVA/	7PVA/	3PVA/	5PVA/	7PVA/	3PVA/	5PVA/	
	Gly	7NCS/	5NCS/	3NCS/	7LCS/	5LCS/	3LCS/	7HCS/	5HCS/	3HCS/	7PCS/	5PCS/	3PCS/
		Gly	Gly										
O-H (st)	3264	3273	3274	3272	3279	3271	3272	3270	3243	3264	3262	3273	3269
-CH <sub>2</sub> (st)	2938	2911	2910	2913	2923	2936	2936	2912	2916	2916	2910	2934	2938
	2907						2907					2906	2907
-OH (b) (bound	-	1645	-	1647	1646	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
water)													
$CH_2(b)$	1416	1416	1415	1416	1416	1416	1416	1416	1415	1416	1416	1416	1416
CH <sub>2</sub> OH (side chain)	1236	1238	1236	1236	1238	1237	1236	1236	1236	1236	1235	1236	1236
related mode													
C-O (st) in C-O-H	1141	1143	1141	1141	1143	1142	1142	1142	1142	1141	1141	1141	1142
	1086	1077	1085	1085	1074	1081	1084	1085	1085		1083	1084	1086
C-O (st) (C-O-C	-	996	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
glycosidic linkage)													
C-O (b) (C-O-C ring	-	755	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	-	-
vibration in starch)													



**Figure S2.** FTIR spectra were obtained from degraded (a) PVA/NCS/Gly, (b) PVA/LCS/Gly, (c) PVA/HCS/Gly and (d) PVA/PCS/Gly films after burial in soil for 15 days. The ratios of PVA/starch are indicated.

#### Morphology



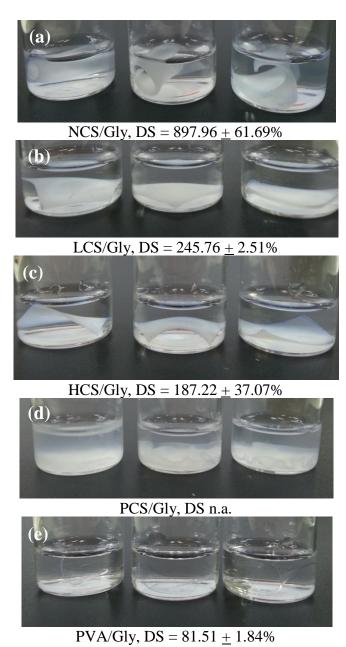
**Figure S3.** SEM micrographs of cryo-fracture surfaces of (a) pure PVA and (b) PVA/Gly films.

#### **Swelling test**

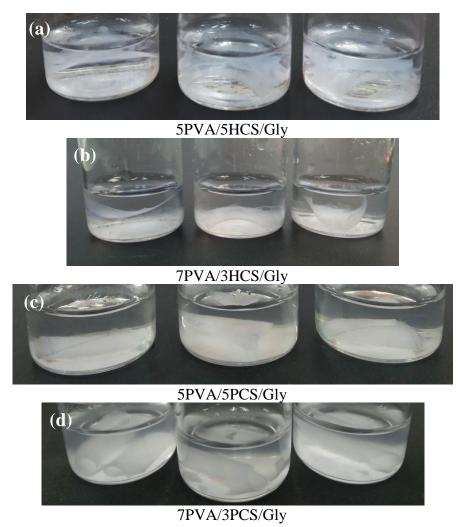
Samples (15 mm×15 mm) were dried in an oven at 60 °C for 24 h. The dried samples were immersed in 5 mL water at room temperature and kept in darkness for 24 h. When placing the blend samples in the vials, care was taken to place the surface that was in contact with the polystyrene plate during the casting process in contact with the bottom of the vials. When the samples were removed from the vials, moisture on the surface of the sheets was removed with filter paper. Six samples were determined per formulation. The degree of swelling (DS) was determined from eq. (1):<sup>1</sup>

$$DS = (w_e - w_0) \times 100 / w_0 \tag{1}$$

where  $w_e$  was the weight of the sample at the absorbing equilibrium and  $w_0$  was the dry weight of the sample. Photographs of NCS/Gly, LCS/Gly, HCS/Gly and PVA/Gly are shown in Figure S4. The blend films of PVA/HCS/Gly and PVA/PCS/Gly are shown in Figure S5.



**Figure S4.** Photographs were taken of (a) NCS/Gly, (b) LCS/Gly, (c) HCS/Gly, (d) PCS/Gly, and (e) PVA/Gly film samples after immersion in water for 24 hours. The degree of swelling (DS) is indicated as a percentage. The DS of PCS/Gly could not be determined due to the gellike condition of the film sample after immersion in water.

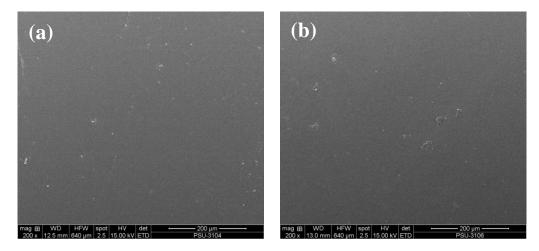


**Figure S5.** Photographs were taken after immersion in water for 24 hours of (a,b) PVA/HCS/Gly and (c,d) PVA/PCS/Gly blend films.

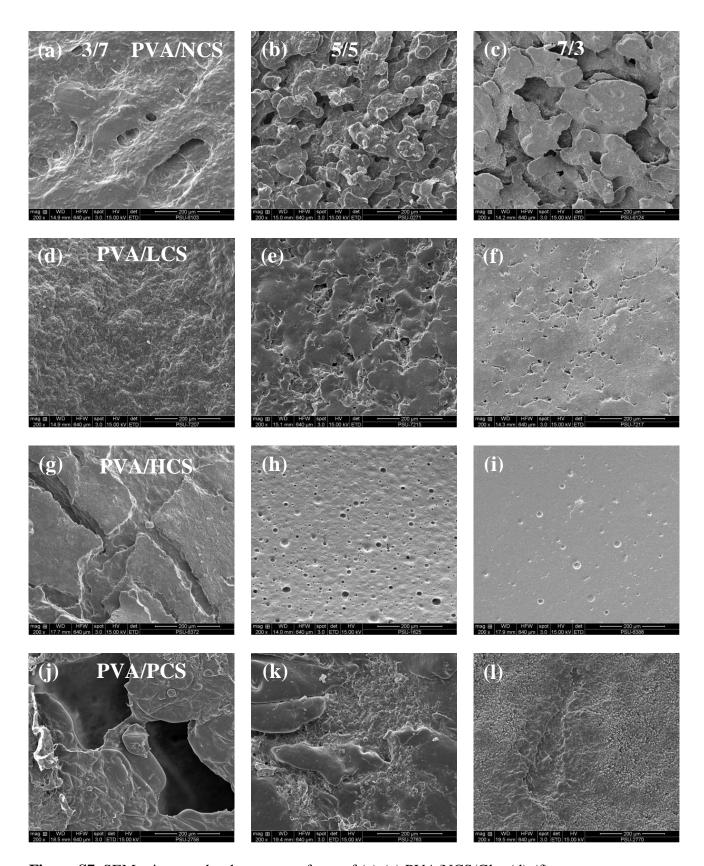
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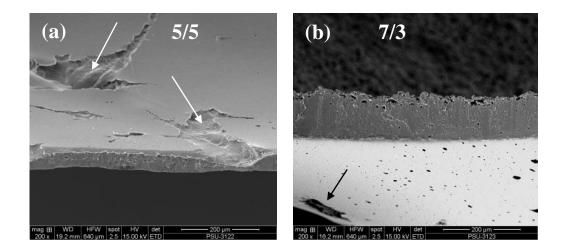
# Morphology of degraded films



**Figure S6.** SEM top-view micrographs of PVA/Gly film after burial in soil for (a) 15 and (b) 30 days.



**Figure S7.** SEM micrographs show top surfaces of (a)-(c) PVA/NCS/Gly, (d)-(f) PVA/LCS/Gly, (g)-(i) PVA/HCS/Gly, and (j)-(l) PVA/PCS/Gly films after burial in soil for 15 days. PVA/starch blend ratios are indicated at the top of each column.



**Figure S8.** SEM micrographs show (a) 5PVA/5PCS/Gly and (b) 7PVA/3PCS/Gly films after burial in soil for 30 days. The features indicated by arrows are on the film surface that was in contact with the polystyrene tray during casting.